Package: BisqueRNA (via r-universe)

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Title Decomposition of Bulk Expression with Single-Cell Sequencing

Version 1.0.5

Description Provides tools to accurately estimate cell type abundances from heterogeneous bulk expression. A reference-based method utilizes single-cell information to generate a signature matrix and transformation of bulk expression for accurate regression based estimates. A marker-based method utilizes known cell-specific marker genes to measure relative abundances across samples. For more details, see Jew and Alvarez et al (2019) <doi:10.1101/669911>.

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.0.2

Imports Biobase, limSolve, methods, stats

Suggests Seurat, plyr, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

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BugReports https://github.com/cozygene/bisque/issues

VignetteBuilder knitr

Repository https://cozygene.r-universe.dev

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CalculateSCCellProportions

Calculate cell proportions based on single-cell data

Description

Returns proportion of each cell type out of total cells for each individual in the single-cell Expression Set

Usage

```
CalculateSCCellProportions(sc.eset, subject.names, cell.types)
```

Arguments

sc.eset	Expression Set with single-cell data
<pre>subject.names</pre>	A character string. Name of phenoData attribute in sc.eset that indicates individual ID.
cell.types	A character string. Name of phenoData attribute in sc.eset that indicates cell type

Value

sc.props Matrix. Cell proportions with number of cell types rows by number of individuals columns

CorTri

Description

This function runs correlation between markers of a data frame or matrix, returning the values of the lower/upper triangular of the correlation matrix in a vector.

Usage

CorTri(x, method = "pearson")

Arguments

х	Data frame or matrix. Column vectors are correlated
method	Character string. Name of method passed to cor. Pearson by default.

Value

cors Numeric vector. Correlation coefficients of pairs

CountsToCPM Convert counts data in Expression Set to counts per million (CPM)	
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Description

Convert counts data in Expression Set to counts per million (CPM)

Usage

```
CountsToCPM(eset)
```

Arguments

eset Expression Set containing counts assay data.

Value

eset Expression Set containing CPM assay data

```
EstimatePCACellTypeProportions
```

Estimate cell type proportions using first PC of expression matrix

Description

Estimate cell type proportions using first PC of expression matrix

Usage

```
EstimatePCACellTypeProportions(x, weighted = FALSE, w = NULL)
```

Arguments

х	A sample by gene bulk expression matrix. Genes should be marker genes
weighted	Boolean. If weighted=TRUE, multiply scaled gene expression by gene weights
W	Numeric vector. Weights of genes

Value

ret List. Attribute **pcs** contains matrix of PCs, where PC1 should be used as estimates for cell type abundances Attribute **sdev** contains eigenvalues of eigendecomposition of var-covar matrix. The 1st eigenvalue should explain most of the variance. Attribute **genes** contains names of genes.

FilterUnexpressedGenes

Remove genes in Expression Set with zero expression in all samples

Description

Remove genes in Expression Set with zero expression in all samples

Usage

```
FilterUnexpressedGenes(eset, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

eset	Expression Set
verbose	Boolean. Print logging info

Value

eset Expression Set with zero expression genes removed

FilterZeroVarianceGenes

Remove genes in Expression Set with zero variance across samples

Description

Remove genes in Expression Set with zero variance across samples

Usage

```
FilterZeroVarianceGenes(eset, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

eset	Expression Set
verbose	Boolean. Print logging info

Value

eset Expression Set with zero variance genes removed

GenerateSCReference Generate reference profile for cell types identified in single-cell data

Description

Averages expression within each cell type across all samples to use as reference profile.

Usage

```
GenerateSCReference(sc.eset, cell.types)
```

Arguments

sc.eset	Expression Set with single-cell data
cell.types	A character string. Name of phenoData attribute in sc.eset that indicates cell type

Value

sc.ref Matrix. Reference profile with number of gene rows by number of cell types columns.

GetCTP

Description

Calculate cell type proportions from a data frame containing bulk expression values. Uses PCA (weighted or regular) to estimate relative proportions within each cell type.

Usage

```
GetCTP(
  bulk,
  cell_types,
 markers,
 ct_col,
  gene_col,
 min_gene,
 max_gene,
 weighted,
 w_col,
  verbose
```

Arguments

)

bulk	Expression Set containing bulk data
cell_types	Character vector. Names of cell types.
markers	Data frame with columns specifying cluster and gene, and optionally a column for weights, typically the fold-change of the gene. Important that the genes for each cell type are row-sorted by significance.
ct_col	Character string. Column name specifying cluster/cell type corresponding to each marker gene in markers .
gene_col	Character string. Column name specifying gene names in markers.
min_gene	Numeric. Min number of genes to use for each cell type.
<pre>max_gene</pre>	Numeric. Max number of genes to use for each cell type.
weighted	Boolean. Whether to use weights for gene prioritization
w_col	Character string. Column name for weights, such as "avg_logFC", in markers
verbose	Boolean. Whether to print log info during decomposition. Errors will be printed regardless.

Value

A List. Slot cors contains list of vectors with correlation coefficients. Slot ctps contains list of CTP objects returned by GetCTP

GetNumGenes

Description

Get number of genes to use with no weighted information

Usage

GetNumGenes(x, min.gene = 25, max.gene = 200)

Arguments

х	Numeric Matrix. A sample by gene expression matrix containing the marker
	genes.
min.gene	Numeric. Minimum number of genes to consider as markers.
max.gene	Numeric. Maximum number of genes to consider as markers.

Value

best.n Numeric. Number of genes to use

GetNumGenesWeighted Get number of genes to use with weighted PCA

Description

Get number of genes to use with weighted PCA

Usage

```
GetNumGenesWeighted(x, w, min.gene = 25, max.gene = 200)
```

Arguments

х	Numeric Matrix. A sample by gene expression matrix containing the marker
	genes.
W	Numeric Vector. The weights of the genes that correspond to the columns of x.
min.gene	Numeric. Minimum number of genes to consider as markers.
max.gene	Numeric. Maximum number of genes to consider as markers.

Value

best.n Numeric. Number of genes to use

GetOverlappingGenes Find overlapping genes in single-cell data, bulk data, and marker genes

Description

Find overlapping genes in single-cell data, bulk data, and marker genes

Usage

```
GetOverlappingGenes(sc.eset, bulk.eset, markers, verbose)
```

Arguments

sc.eset	Expression Set with single-cell data
bulk.eset	Expression Set with bulk data
markers	Character vector. List of relevant marker genes
verbose	Boolean. Print logging info

Value

overlapping.genes Character vector. List of genes found in markers and both datasets.

GetOverlappingSamples Find overlapping samples in single-cell and bulk data

Description

Find overlapping samples in single-cell and bulk data

Usage

GetOverlappingSamples(sc.eset, bulk.eset, subject.names, verbose)

Arguments

sc.eset	Expression Set with single-cell data
bulk.eset	Expression Set with bulk data
subject.names	A character string. Name of phenoData attribute in sc.eset that indicates indi- vidual ID (that would be found in bulk.eset if overlapping)
verbose	Boolean. Print logging info

Value

samples A list with attributes *overlapping* and *remaining*. Each attribute refers to a character vector that lists the samples found in both datasets and samples found only in bulk, respectively

GetUniqueMarkers Get unique markers present in only 1 cell type

Description

Given a data frame of marker genes for cell types, returns a new data frame with non-unique markers removed.

Usage

```
GetUniqueMarkers(x, gene_col = "gene")
```

Arguments

х	Data frame. Contains column with marker gene names
gene_col	Character string. Name of the column that contains the marker genes

Value

x Data frame. Markers with non-unique markers removed

```
MarkerBasedDecomposition
```

Performs marker-based decomposition of bulk expression using marker genes

Description

Estimates relative abundances of cell types from PCA-based decomposition. Uses a list of marker genes to subset the expression data, and returns the first PC of each sub-matrix as the cell type fraction estimates. Optionally, weights for each marker gene can be used to prioritize genes that are highly expressed in the given cell type.

Usage

```
MarkerBasedDecomposition(
   bulk.eset,
   markers,
   ct_col = "cluster",
   gene_col = "gene",
   min_gene = 5,
   max_gene = 200,
   weighted = FALSE,
   w_col = "avg_logFC",
   unique_markers = TRUE,
   verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

bulk.eset	Expression Set. Normalized bulk expression data.
markers	Data frame with columns specifying cluster and gene, and optionally a column for weights, typically the fold-change of the gene. Important that the genes for each cell type are row-sorted by significance.
ct_col	Character string. Column name specifying cluster/cell type corresponding to each marker gene in markers .
gene_col	Character string. Column name specifying gene names in markers.
min_gene	Numeric. Min number of genes to use for each cell type.
max_gene	Numeric. Max number of genes to use for each cell type.
weighted	Boolean. Whether to use weights for gene prioritization
w_col	Character string. Column name for weights, such as "avg_logFC", in markers
unique_markers	Boolean. If TRUE, subset markers to include only genes that are markers for only one cell type
verbose	Boolean. Whether to print log info during decomposition. Errors will be printed regardless.

Details

Note that this method expects the input bulk data to be normalized, unlike the reference-based method.

Value

A List. Slot **bulk.props** contains estimated relative cell type abundances. Slot **var.explained** contains variance explained by first 20 PCs for cell type marker genes. Slot **genes.used** contains vector of genes used for decomposition.

Examples

ReferenceBasedDecomposition

Performs reference-based decomposition of bulk expression using single-cell data

Description

Generates a reference profile based on single-cell data. Learns a transformation of bulk expression based on observed single-cell proportions and performs NNLS regression on these transformed values to estimate cell proportions.

Usage

```
ReferenceBasedDecomposition(
   bulk.eset,
   sc.eset,
   markers = NULL,
   cell.types = "cellType",
   subject.names = "SubjectName",
   use.overlap = TRUE,
   verbose = TRUE,
   old.cpm = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

bulk.eset	Expression Set containin bulk data. No PhenoData required but if overlapping option used, IDs returned by sampleNames(bulk.eset) should match those found in sc.eset phenoData individual labels.
sc.eset	Expression Set containing single-cell data. PhenoData of this Expression Set should contain cell type and individual labels for each cell. Names of these fields specified by arguments below.
markers	Structure, such as character vector, containing marker genes to be used in de- composition. 'base::unique(base::unlist(markers))' should return a simple vec- tor containing each gene name. If no argument or NULL provided, the method will use all available genes for decomposition.
cell.types	Character string. Name of phenoData attribute in sc.eset indicating cell type label for each cell
subject.names	Character string. Name of phenoData attribute in sc.eset indicating individual label for each cell
use.overlap	Boolean. Whether to use and expect overlapping samples in decomposition.
verbose	Boolean. Whether to print log info during decomposition. Errors will be printed regardless.

old.cpm Prior to version 1.0.4 (updated in July 2020), the package converted counts to CPM after subsetting the marker genes. Github user randel pointed out that the order of these operations should be switched. Thanks randel! This option is provided for replication of older BisqueRNA but should be enabled, especially for small marker gene sets. We briefly tested this change on the cortex and adipose datasets. The original and new order of operations produce estimates that have an average correlation of 0.87 for the cortex and 0.84 for the adipose within each cell type.

Details

Expects read counts for both datasets, as they will be converted to counts per million (CPM). Two options available: Use overlapping indivudals found in both single-cell and bulk datasets to learn transformation or learn transformation from single-cell alone. The overlapping option is expected to have better performance.

Value

A list. Slot **bulk.props** contains a matrix of cell type proportion estimates with cell types as rows and individuals as columns. Slot **sc.props** contains a matrix of cell type proportions estimated directly from counting single-cell data. Slot **rnorm** contains Euclidean norm of the residuals for each individual's proportion estimates. Slot **genes.used** contains vector of genes used in decomposition. Slot **transformed.bulk** contains the transformed bulk expression used for decomposition. These values are generated by applying a linear transformation to the CPM expression.

Examples

SemisupervisedTransformBulk

Transforms bulk expression of a gene using only single-cell data

Description

For a specific gene, this function learns a transformation of the bulk expression to match the distribution produced by the single-cell based reference and observed single-cell based cell proportions.

Usage

```
SemisupervisedTransformBulk(gene, Y.train, X.pred)
```

Arguments

gene	Character string. Gene name that corresponds to row in Y.train
Y.train	Numeric Matrix. Number of gene rows by number of overlapping individuals columns. Contains weighted sum of reference profile by single-cell based cell proportion estimates for each individual
X.pred	Numeric Matrix. Number of gene rows by number of remaining individuals columns. Contains observed bulk expression for each individual to be transformed.

Value

Y.pred Numeric Matrix. One row for given gene by number of remaining individuals columns. Contains transformed bulk expression for each individual.

SeuratToExpressionSet Converts Seurat object to Expression Set

Description

'SeuratToExpressionSet()' returns an Expression Set with phenotype data indicating cell type (cell-Type) and individual (SubjectName) for each cell in a Seurat object. Raw counts data is used for assay data.

Usage

```
SeuratToExpressionSet(
   seurat.object,
   delimiter,
   position,
   version = c("v2", "v3")
)
```

Arguments

seurat.object	Seurat object with attributes raw.data, ident, and cell.names
delimiter	Character to split cell names with to find individual ID.
position	Integer indicating 1-indexed position of individual ID after splitting cell name with <i>delimiter</i> .
version	Character string. Either "v2" or "v3. Seurat version used to create Seurat object.

Details

Note that the *Seurat* and *Biobase* libraries should be attached before running this function. The *delimiter* and *position* arguments are used to infer the individual ID from the cell ID. For example, a delimiter of "-" and position of "2" indicates that the individual ID for the cell ID **ACTG-2** would be **2**.

Value

sc.eset Expression set containing relevant phenotype and individual data, *cellType* and *Subject-Name*.

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
library(Biobase)
# We make a class to emulate a Seurat v2 object for illustration only
setClass("testSeuratv2", representation(cell.names = "character",
                                            ident = "character",
                                            raw.data = "matrix"))
sc.counts <- matrix(0,nrow=3,ncol=3)</pre>
\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}} These barcodes correspond to a delimiter of "-" and position 2 for individual id.
test.cell.names <- c("ATCG-1", "TAGC-2", "GTCA-3")</pre>
test.ident <- c("cell type a", "cell type b", "cell type c")</pre>
names(test.ident) <- test.cell.names</pre>
colnames(sc.counts) <- test.cell.names</pre>
test.seurat.obj <- new("testSeuratv2",</pre>
                         cell.names=test.cell.names,
                         ident=test.ident,
                         raw.data=sc.counts)
single.cell.expression.set <- SeuratToExpressionSet(test.seurat.obj, delimiter='-',</pre>
```

position=2, version="v2")

SimulateBarcode Simulate barcode for decomposition illustration

Description

Generates a nucleotide barcode similar to those generated by 10x chromium sequencing platforms for illustration purposes. Generates barcode and individual ID separated by '-' delimiter.

Usage

```
SimulateBarcode(index, individual, barcode.length)
```

Arguments

index	Integer. Index of cell ID from 0 to barcode.length to the fourth power.	Will
	generate a unique nucleotide barcode for each index.	
individual	Character. ID of individual that the cell is from.	
barcode.length	Integer. Length of nucleotide barcode.	

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SimulateData

Value

Simulated barcode for cell from an individual

SimulateData

Simulate data for decomposition illustration

Description

Simulates bulk and single-cell expression, as well as marker genes and true proportions that can be used as an example of decomposition

Usage

SimulateData(n.ind, n.genes, n.cells, cell.types, avg.props)

Arguments

n.ind	Integer. Number of individuals to simulate
n.genes	Integer. Number of genes to simulate
n.cells	Integer. Number of cells per individual for single-cell data
cell.types	Character vector. List of cell types to simulate
avg.props	Numeric vector. List of average proportions for given cell types. Should be same length as cell.types and sum to 1

Value

A list with simulated single-cell in slot 'sc.eset' and bulk in 'bulk.eset', as well as true proportions in 'props' and marker genes in 'markers'.

Examples

```
SupervisedTransformBulk
```

Transforms bulk expression of a gene given overlapping data

Description

For a specific gene, this function uses linear regression to learn a transformation of the bulk expression to match the values produced by the single-cell based reference and observed single-cell based cell proportions.

Usage

```
SupervisedTransformBulk(gene, Y.train, X.train, X.pred)
```

Arguments

gene	Character string. Gene name that corresponds to row in Y.train
Y.train	Numeric Matrix. Number of gene rows by number of overlapping individuals columns. Contains weighted sum of reference profile by single-cell based cell proportion estimates for each individual
X.train	Numeric Matrix. Number of gene rows by number of overlapping individuals columns. Contains observed bulk expression for each individual
X.pred	Numeric Matrix. Number of gene rows by number of remaining individuals columns. Contains observed bulk expression for each individual to be transformed.

Details

If a linear transformation cannot be learned for a gene (zero variance in observed bulk or single-cell based weighted sums), a vector of NaNs will be returned of the expected length (length of X.pred)

Value

Y.pred Numeric Matrix. One row for given gene by number of remaining individuals columns. Contains transformed bulk expression for each individual.

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